Women on the Move: the journeyscapes of domestic violence

London as a region

Briefing Paper 3

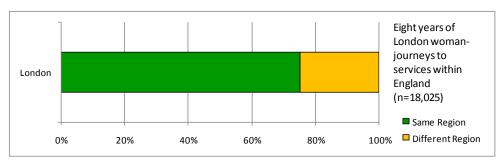
July 2018

Key points:

- Data from services provides evidence on help-seeking to/ from and within London
- Most London women go to accommodation in their own borough or within London
- More women leave London due to domestic violence than come to London for accommodation services
- For domestic violence services London needs the rest of the country more than it serves it

Most London women stay within London when they seek help

When women go to services because of domestic violence, they mostly stay within their region.

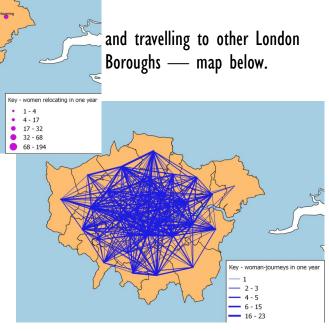


Mapping just one year of relocation to accommodation services shows the

numbers staying in the same
Borough (residential mobility)
— map on the left —
and travelling to other Londo

Data in this briefing from Supporting People Programme of housingrelated support services.

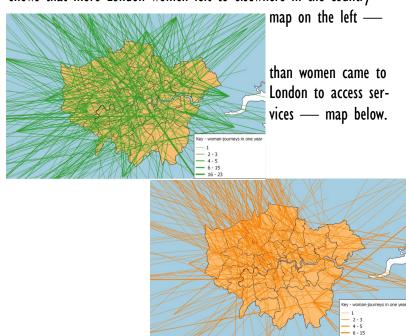
Department for Communities and Local Government and University of St Andrews, Centre for Housing Research (2012) Supporting People Client Records and Outcomes, 2003/04-2010/11: Special Licence Access [computer file]. Colchester, Essex, UK Data Archive [distributor]. Available from: <http:// dx.doi.org/10.5255/ UKDA-SN-7020-1>





More women leave London due to domestic violence than come to London

Mapping journey flows in and out of London to access English services shows that more London women left to elsewhere in the country —



London needs the rest of the country more than it serves it

Women come from all over the country to London — map on the left — but more women leave London, and travel across England to accommodation services because of domestic violence — map on the right.



A Pan-London approach to services would fit most London women's help-seeking, but must also recognise women who leave London, as well as those coming to London.